# SAFETY DATASHEET





# EPOPRIMER-B- EPP 2K B 1

 Version 1
 Revision Date 18.09.2015
 Print Date 29.02.2016
 GB / EN

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name EPOPRIMER-

B- EPP 2K B

1

REACH Registration Number . 01-2119514691-43

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Specific use(s): Curing agent

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company CEMENT DESIGN

CAMINO DEL AVENIDA 2, 45290 PANTOJA - TOLEDO - Spain

Telephone +34 91 140 7965

E-mail address info@cement-design.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

+34 91 1407965

number

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Organic peroxides, D, H242, On basis of test data. Acute toxicity, 4, H302, On basis of test data. Skin corrosion, 1B, H314, Calculation method

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)

Oxidising, O, R 7 Corrosive, C, R34 Harmful, Xn, R22

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Symbol(s)







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye

damage.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention**:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces,

sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in

particular.

P234 Keep only in original container.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective

clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water

for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

# Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane- 2,2- 1338-23-4 diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

# 2.3 Other hazards

No further data available.

PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1 Substances

#### Hazardous substance

Description / Descripcón	Composition as a percentage / Composición en porcentaje	Nº CAS
	Methyl ethyl ketone - 3%	78-93-3
EPP-2K-B-1 EPOPRIMER B 2K 1 kg (Comp-B)	Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide, reaction mass of buthane 2,2 diylhdihydroperoxide and di-sec- butylexaoxydane -40%	1338-23-4
	H2O 57 %	7732-18-5

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). : Not applicable

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1 Description of first aidmeasures

General advice : Immediate medical attention is required.

Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water.

Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with

difficulty.

In case of eye contact : Rinse with plenty of water.

Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse during

transport.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible

tissue damage and blindness.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Take victim immediately to hospital.

Do not induce vomiting! May cause chemical burns in mouth

and throat.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : The symptoms and effects are as expected from the hazards

as shown in section 2. No specific product related symptoms

are known.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting / Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: CAUTION: reignition may occur.

Supports combustion.

Water spray may be ineffective unless used by experienced

firefighters.

Heating may cause decomposition with release of toxic fumes Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Combustion products : Fire will produce smoke containing hazardous combustion

products (see section 10).

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Further information

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up /

: Keep wetted with water.

Methods for containment

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as

hazardous waste.

Confinement must be avoided.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Additional advice : For personal protection see section 8.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Use explosion protected equipment.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

No sparking tools should be used.

Keep away from reducing agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalies and heavy metal compounds (e.g. accelerators, driers, metal

soaps).

Do not cut or weld on or near this container even when empty.

Keep away from combustible material.

Temperature class : It is recommended to use electrical equipment of temperature

group T3. However, autoignition can never be excluded.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: No smoking.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards. Keep only in original container. Store away from other materials.

Maximum storage

: 25 °C

temperature:

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult the technical guidelines for the use of this

substance/mixture.

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1 Control parameters

# Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Va	alue	Control parameters	Update	Basis	Form of exposure
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	TW	A	5 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
		STE	L	10 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
		TW	A	5 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
		STE	L	10 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-secbutylhexaoxidane	1338-23-4	STE	EL	0.2 ppm 1.5 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	TW	A	200 ppm 600 mg/m3	2009-12-19	2000/39/EC	
	Further information	:	Indio	cative		•	
		STE	L	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	2009-12-19	2000/39/EC	
	Further information	:	Indio	cative	1		
		TW	A	200 ppm 600 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
	Further information			Can be absorbed thro ch there areconcerns to city.			
		STE	L	300 ppm 899 mg/m3	2005-04-06	GB EH40	
	Further information	:		Can be absorbed thro ch there areconcerns t city.			

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

# Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Decomposition products	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Update	Basis	Form of exposure
Formic acid	64-18-6, 64- 18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	2009-12-19		
	Further information	:				
		TWA	5 ppm 9.6 mg/m3	2005-04-06		
	Further information	:				
Acetic acid	64-19-7, 64- 19-7	TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	2009-12-19		
	Further information	:				
Propionic acid	79-09-4, 79- 09-4	TWA	10 ppm 31 mg/m3	2009-12-19		

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	Further information	:				
		STE	L	20 ppm 62 mg/m3	2009-12-19	
	Further information	:				·
		TWA	A	10 ppm 31 mg/m3	2005-04-06	
		STE	L	15 ppm 46 mg/m3	2005-04-06	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3, 78- 93-3	TWA	4	200 ppm 600 mg/m3	2009-12-19	
	Further information	:				·
		STÉ	L	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	2009-12-19	
	Further information	:			·	·
		TWA	A	200 ppm 600 mg/m3	2005-04-06	
	Further information	:				·
		STÉ	L	300 ppm 899 mg/m3	2005-04-06	
	Further information	:			·	

# **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name CAS-No. Control parameters Sampling Opua	Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters		Update
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# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyldihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0.54 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0.41 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.27 mg/kg
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1.08 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1.9 mg/m3
Methyl ethyl ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	600 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1161 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	106 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	412 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	31 mg/kg

# Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

	Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
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Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane- 2,2-diyldihydroperoxide anddi-sec-butylhexaoxidane	Fresh w ater	0.0056 mg/l
	Intermittent w ater	0.056 mg/l
	Marine w ater	0.00056 mg/l
	Fresh w ater sediment	0.019 mg/kg dry w eight
	Marine sediment	0.0019 mg/kg dry w eight
	Sew age treatment plant	1.2 mg/l
	Soil	0.00231 mg/kg dry w eight
Methyl ethyl ketone	Fresh w ater	55.8 mg/l
	Marine w ater	55.8 mg/l
	Intermittent w ater	55.8 mg/l
	Sew age treatment plant	709 mg/l
	Fresh w ater sediment	284.74 mg/kg dry w eight
	Marine sediment	284.74 mg/kg dry w eight
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg dry w eight
	Oral	1000 mg/kg food

### 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Engineering controls**

Explosion proof ventilation recommended.

Effective exhaust ventilation system

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour or aerosol formation use a respirator

with an approved filter.

Filter A

Hand protection : butyl-rubber

Neoprene

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Protective suit

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Form : liquid

Colour : clear

colourless

Odour : Faint.

Odour Threshold : No data available

Safety data

pH : Weakly acidic

Melting point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposes below the boiling point.

Flash point : Above the SADT value

No flash point was obtained, but the product may release

flammable vapour.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Decomposition products may be flammable.

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : 1 hPa at 84 °C

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 1.180 at 20 °C

Bulk density : Not applicable

Water solubility : at 20 °C

partly miscible

Solubility in other solvents : 20 °C

Miscible with:, Phthalates

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : Test method not applicable

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Decomposition temperature : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

: 60 °C

Viscosity, dynamic : 24 mPa.s at 20 °C

Viscosity, kinematic : 20.34 mm2/s at 20 °C

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Not classified as oxidising.

9.2 Other information

Active Oxygen Content : 8.8 - 9.0 %

Organic peroxides : 30 - 37 %

This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Confinement must be avoided.

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Contact with incompatible materials will result in hazardous

decomposition.

For queries regarding the suitability of other materials please

contact the supplier.

Do not mix with peroxide accelerators, unless under controlled

processing.

Use only stainless steel 316, PP, polyethylene or glass-lined

equipment.
Acids and bases

Iron Copper

Reducing agents Heavy metals

Rust

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon oxides
Formic acid
Acetic acid
Propionic acid
Methyl ethyl ketone

Thermal decomposition : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

: 60 °C

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Product information:

**Hazard Summary** 

Inhalation : Inhalation of aerosols may cause irritation to mucous

membranes.

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases

and vapours.

Skin : Symptoms may be delayed.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Causes severe skin burns.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

: Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns.

**Toxicology Assessment** 

Acute effects : Causes eye burns.

Causes skin burns.
Harmful if swallowed.

May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Further information : No further data available.

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test result

Ingestion

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 1,017 mg/kg

Species: rats

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: 4,000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin irritation : Species: Rabbit

Result: Sub-category 1B Classification: Sub-category 1B

Method: Tested according to Annex V of Directive

67/548/EEC.

Eye irritation : Species: Rabbit

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes. Classification: Risk of serious damage to eyes. Method: Tested according to Annex V of Directive

67/548/EEC.

#### Toxicology data for the components:

Test result

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane -2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 1,017 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: 4,000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Skin irritation : Result: Causes burns.

Eye irritation : Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro : Ames test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Not classified due to data which are conclusive although

insufficient for classification.

Carcinogenicity :

No data available

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 25, 50, 75 milligram per kilogram

General Toxicity - Parent: No observed adverse effect level:

50 mg/kg bw/day

General Toxicity F1: No observed adverse effect level F1: 50

mg/kg bw/day

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Fertility: No observed adverse effect level Parent: 75 mg/kg

bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

GLP: yes

Target Organ Systemic

Toxicant - Repeated

exposure

: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

Methyl ethyl ketone

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 2,737 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: 6,480 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

Skin irritation : Result: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Moderately irritating.

Eye irritation : Result: Irritating to eyes.

Target Organ Systemic

Toxicant - Single exposure

: Exposure routes: Inhalation

The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Product information: Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Harmful to fish.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Additional ecological

information

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life.

# 12.1 Toxicity

Components:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane -2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-

butylhexaoxidane

Acute aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life.

Test result

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane -2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

Toxicity to fish : LC50: 44.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Poecilia reticulata (guppy)

Test Type: semi-static test

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Toxicity to daphnia and other

: 39 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: Immobilization

: LC50: 5.6 mg/l Toxicity to algae

Exposure time: 72 h

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to bacteria : EC10: 12 mg/l

> Exposure time: 0.5 h Species: activated sludge Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: Domestic OECD Guideline 209

Methyl ethyl ketone

Toxicity to fish : LC50: 3,220 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Product information** : No information available.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane -2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-

butylhexaoxidane

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable

Method: Closed Bottle test

Methyl ethyl ketone

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Product information** : No information available. No information available. Components

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Product information** No information available.

: No information available. Components

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product information:

PBT and vPvB assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

> to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

: No information available. Components

12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product information** : No information available.

**Components** : No information available.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Hazardous waste

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulation.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Due to the high risk of contamination recycling/recovery is not

recommended.

Follow all warnings even after the container is emptied.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 UN number

 ADR
 : UN 3105

 RID
 : UN 3105

 IMDG-Code
 : UN 3105

 IATA-DGR
 : UN 3105

14.2 Proper shipping name

ADR : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

RID : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

IMDG-Code : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide) : Organic peroxide type D, liquid

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class

**IATA-DGR** 

 ADR
 : 5.2

 RID
 : 5.2

 IMDG-Code
 : 5.2

 IATA-DGR
 : 5.2 (HEAT)

14.4 Packing group

**ADR** 

Packing group : Not Assigned

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

**RID** 

Packing group : Not Assigned

Classification Code : P1 Hazard Identification Number 539 Labels : 5.2

**IMDG-Code** 

Packing group : Not Assigned

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Labels : 5.2 EmS Code : F-J, S-R

**IATA-DGR** 

Packing instruction (cargo : 570

aircraft)

Packing instruction : 570

(passenger aircraft)

Packing group : Not Assigned Labels : 5.2 (HEAT)

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG-Code** 

Marine pollutant : no

IATA-DGR

Environmentally hazardous : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, healthand environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Major Accident Hazard : ZEU\_SEVES3

Legislation SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and

**ORGANIC PEROXIDES** 

P6b

Quantity 1: 50 t Quantity 2: 200 t

Water contaminating class

(Germany)

: WGK 1 slightly water endangering

#### **Notification status**

CH INV : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : YES. All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

DSL : YES. All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL. **AICS** : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory **NZIoC** : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory **ENCS** : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory ISHL KECI : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory **PICCS** : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory **IECSC** : YES. On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

For explanation of abbreviation see section 16.

#### **Further information**

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This product is to be considered as a substance according to EU-legislation.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Methyl ethyl ketone

peroxide; Reaction mass of

butane-2,2-diyl

dihydroperoxide and di-sec-

butylhexaoxidane

: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H240 : Heating may cause an explosion.
H242 : Heating may cause a fire.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R 2 Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.

R 7

R11

Highly flammable.

R22

Harmful if swallowed.

R34

Causes burns.

R36

Irritating to eyes.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

## Explanations for possible abbreviations mentioned in section 2

PBT : PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic. vPvB : vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

OEL: Occupational exposure limit.

#### Notification status explanation

CH INV Switzerland. New notified substances and declared preparations

TSCA United States TSCA Inventory

DSL Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

AICS Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)
NZIOC New Zealand. Inventory of Chemical Substances

ENCS Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

ISHL Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)

PICCS Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

IECSC China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)

# **Further information**

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 Version 1
 Revision Date 18.09.2015
 Print Date 29.02.2016
 GB / EN